

**2024**

Time :As in Programme

Full Marks : 100

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.*

*Answer **all** questions.*

*Draw labelled diagram wherever necessary.*

**PART-I**

1. Answer all the following Questions. 1x10
- a. What is the minimum distance for the eye to focus any object ?
  - b. Flow cytometry uses \_\_\_\_.
  - c. Beer Lambert's law gives the relation between which of the factor ?
  - d. Who invented centrifugation ?
  - e. In autoradiography, the probe will not have complementarity with \_\_\_\_.
  - f. At what speed do you centrifuge blood ?
  - g. Colarimeters are used to determine \_\_\_\_ of solutions.
  - h. Chromatography is a physical method that is used to separate and analyse \_\_\_\_.
  - i. The polymerization of the gel used in PAGE occurs between polyacrylamide and \_\_\_\_.
  - j. HPLC can be performed only in \_\_\_\_.

**PART-II**

2. Answer the following questions in 50 words each. 2x9
- a. Freeze etching
  - b. Negative staining

(Turn Over)

- c.  $C_5Cl_2$  gradient
- d. Auto radiography
- e. Shadow casting
- f. Flame photometer
- g. Beer Lambert's law
- h. TLC
- i. AGE

### PART-III

3. Answer any eight questions of the followings in 250 words each. 5x8
- a. Cryofixation.
  - b. Sucrase density gradient
  - c. Sample preparation for electron microscopy.
  - d. Analytical centrifugation.
  - e. Use of radioisotopes in biological research.
  - f. Chlorophylla fluorescence.
  - g. Bomb Calorimeter.
  - h. Ion exchange chromatography
  - i. Molecular sieve chromatography.
  - j. X-ray diffraction.

### PART-IV

Answer any four of the following questions in 800 words each.

8x4

- 4. Describe the principle and applications of fluorescence microscopy.
- 5. Describe the ultracentrifugation techniques and its application in biological research.
- 6. Explain the principle, components and working mechanism of Uv-vis spectrophotometer.
- 7. Discuss the principle and application of HPLC.
- 8. Give an account of characterization of proteins by SDS-PAGE.

